

Tennessee Valley Authority





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Fraud Risk Assessments

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PCIE/ECIE Annual Offsite Meeting

Agenda



An Introduction to TVA

The TVA OIG Anti-Fraud Program

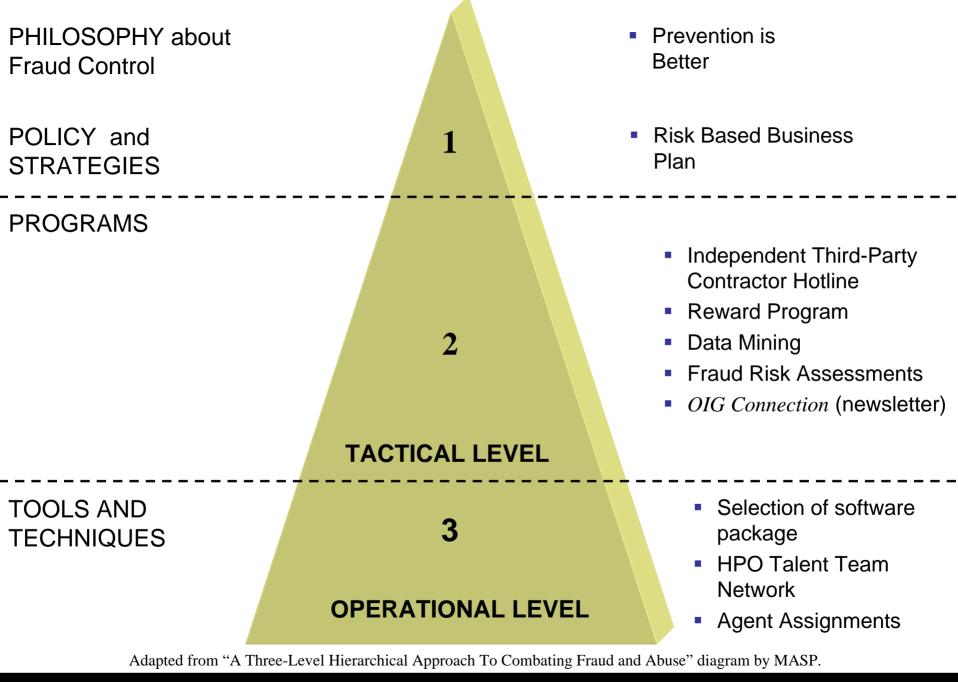
Fraud Risk Assessments (FRAs)

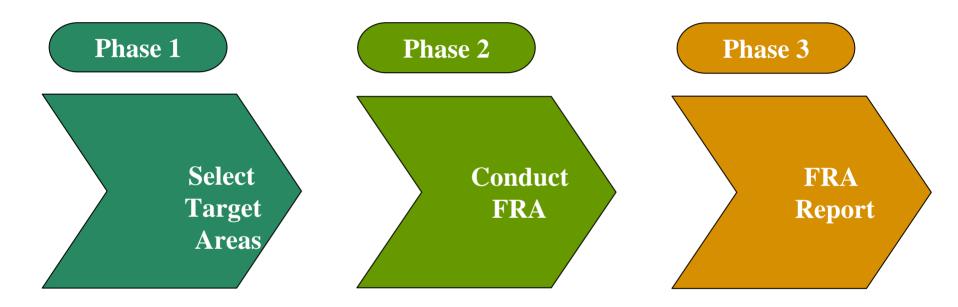
TVA Video

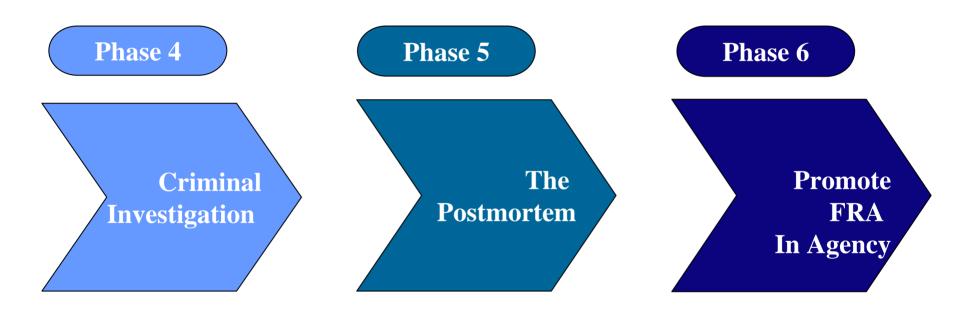
Start TVA Video

OIG Anti-Fraud Program

- A Three-Level Hierarchical Approach to Combating Fraud
 - Philosophy/Policy and Strategies
 - Tactical Level
 - Operational Level









- The Assistant Inspector
 General of Investigations and
 the Assistant Inspector
 General of Audits confer about
 the highest areas of risk for
 fraud in the agency
- Consider historical audits and investigations where fraud was found
- Form a cross-functional team of talent

Prepare Fraud Awareness Presentation (4 to 5 days)

Phase 1

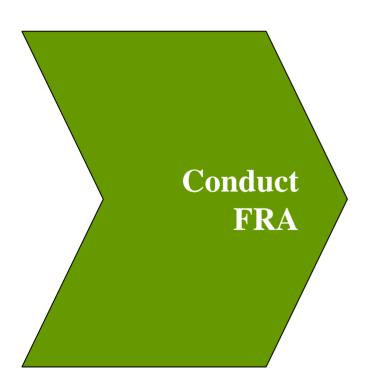
Select Target Areas

- Meet with the agency department heads to review processes
- Brainstorm within the agency area with staffers about processes
- Determine who should be at the table

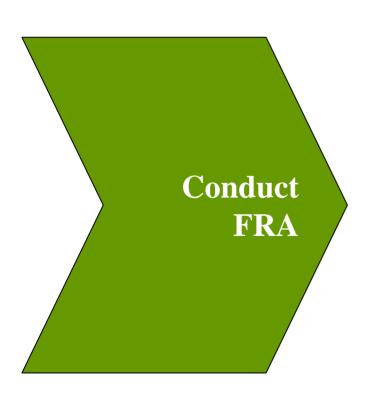
Prepare Fraud Awareness Presentation (4 to 5 days)



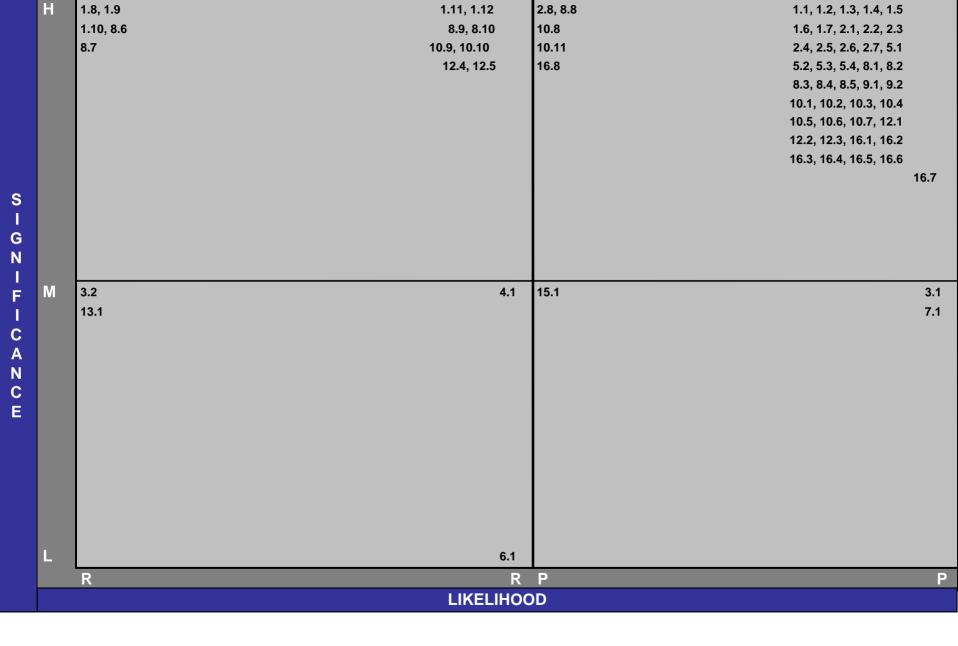
- FRA team reviews prior audits/investigations
- Prepare fraud awareness presentation tailored for target area
- Structure how the FRA will be done on-site



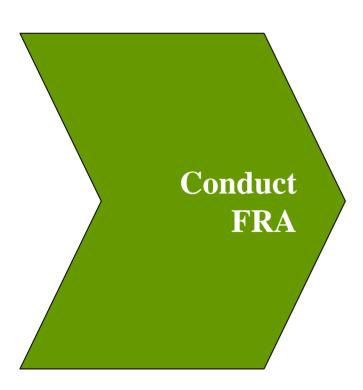
- Make the fraud awareness presentation on-site
- Stress that the OIG is not conducting the FRA
- Engage the process owners



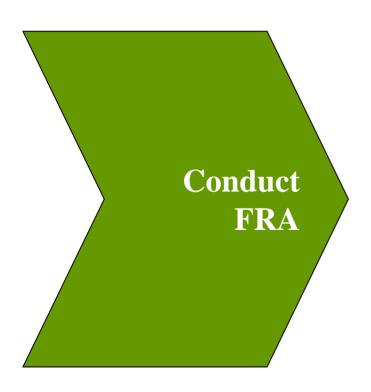
- If you were the bad guy, how would you cheat TVA in your area?
- Construct the Fraud Scheme Risk Heat Map



The numbers on the heat map represent fraud schemes identified by the process owners participating in the FRA.



- Assess the fraud controls
- Agency process owners list the controls they think prevent fraud
- Press the group about whether the controls effectively prevent or detect fraud
- Ask the group about possible actions that would override the controls



- Get the process owners to determine whether the controls mitigate fraud
- Ask the process owners to determine if they need to change the controls (remediation)
- Get the process owners to list the action steps they will take

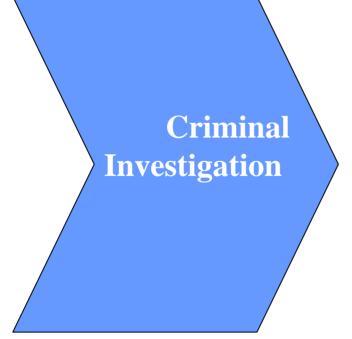


- The OIG FRA team prepares the initial draft of the FRA report
- Process owners are given the draft and encouraged to make modifications

Phase 3 FRA Report

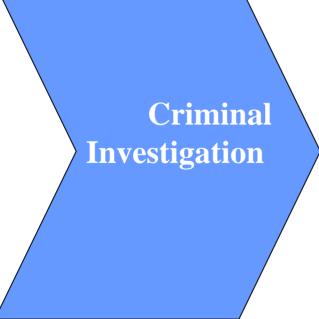
- Prepare the designated process owner to present the FRA report to upper management
- When the report is presented to upper management, commend them on having a robust anti-fraud program
- Stress that fraud prevention and detection is everyone's job



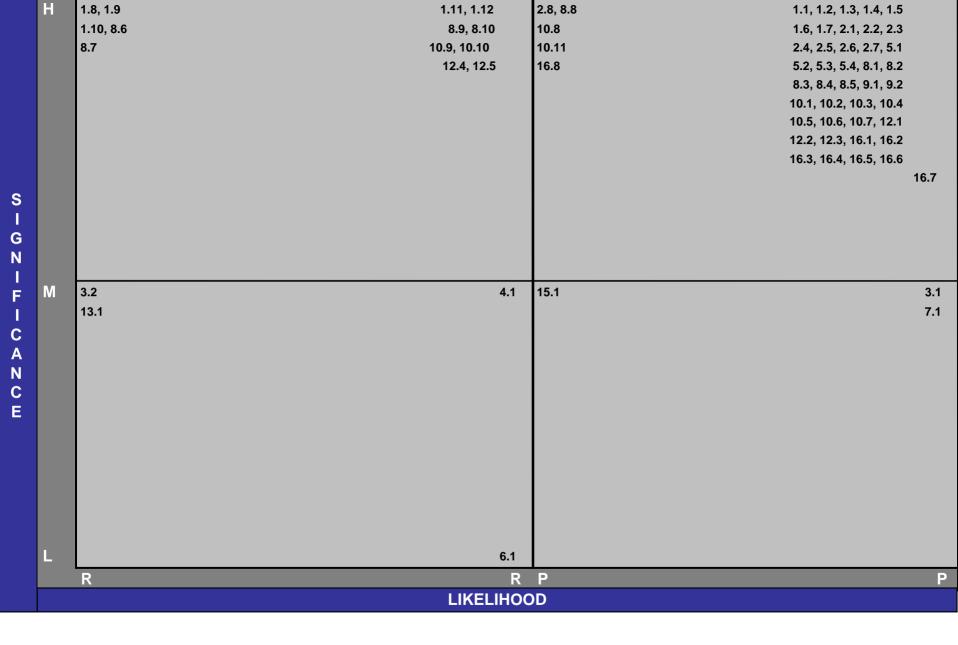


- As the fraud risk assessment is being conducted, note any "hot" leads
- If no "hot" leads, proceed to next FRA in another area





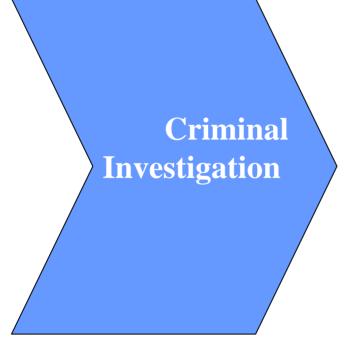
- After several FRAs have been done, select for investigation the most promising leads from all the FRAs
- Look at the upper right hand corner of the heat map (High Significance/ Probable Likelihood)



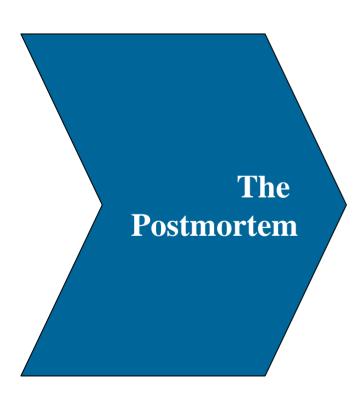
The numbers on the heat map represent fraud schemes identified by the process owners participating in the FRA.



Phase 4



 Use data mining or some other narrow investigative tool



- Check with process owners to verify that the remediation identified as necessary has been done
- Ask them if they have encountered anything suspicious (fraud indicators) while doing the remediation
- Ask them what difference the fraud risk assessment has made





- Feature the cooperation of the process owners in your semiannual report and newsletter
- Promote fraud risk
 assessments as part of
 management's
 anti-fraud program





- Brief your agency head and outside auditor (if applicable) on the program or ask management to do so
- Publicize to agency employees and contractors that the fraud risk assessments are being done across the agency (prevention)

Questions



Contact Information

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